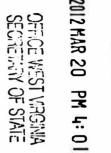
# WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

**REGULAR SESSION, 2012** 

## ENROLLED



## Senate Bill No. 430

(By Senators Prezioso, Foster, Kessler (Mr. President) and Beach)

[Passed March 7, 2012; in effect from passage.]

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OFFICE WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE

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## Senate Bill No. 430

(By Senators Prezioso, Foster, Kessler (Mr. President) and Beach)

[Passed March 7, 2012; in effect from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §11-15B-2, §11-15B-2a, §11-15B-24, §11-15B-25, §11-15B-26, §11-15B-30, §11-15B-32, §11-15B-33 and §11-15B-34 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to the administration of sales and use tax generally; adding new definitions; clarifying present definitions; incorporating changes to the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement; adding a "computer software maintenance contract" as a Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement defined term; relieving seller of tax liability in certain instances; clarifying due dates that fall on weekends and legal holidays; eliminating monetary allowance for certain sellers; providing new effective dates; and clarifying state administration of state and local sales and use taxes, bases and exceptions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That \$11-15B-2, \$11-15B-2a, \$11-15B-24, \$11-15B-25, \$11-15B-26, \$11-15B-30, \$11-15B-32, \$11-15B-33 and \$11-15B-34 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 15B. SALES AND USE TAX ADMINISTRATION.

#### §11-15B-2. Definitions.

1 (a) General. — When used in this article and articles 2 fifteen and fifteen-a of this chapter, words defined in 3 subsection (b) of this section shall have the meanings
4 ascribed to them in this section, except where a different
5 meaning is distinctly expressed or the context in which the
6 term is used clearly indicates that a different meaning is
7 intended by the Legislature.

8 (b) Terms defined. –

9 (1) "Agent" means a person appointed by a seller to 10 represent the seller before the member states.

(2) "Agreement" means the Streamlined Sales and UseTax Agreement as defined in section two-a of this article.

13 (3) "Alcoholic beverages" means beverages that are
14 suitable for human consumption and contain one half of one
15 percent or more of alcohol by volume.

16 (4) "Bundled transaction" means the retail sale of two or 17 more products, except real property and services to real 18 property, where: (i) The products are otherwise distinct and 19 identifiable; and (ii) the products are sold for one 20 nonitemized price. A "bundled transaction" does not include 21 the sale of any products in which the sales price varies, or is 22 negotiable, based on the selection by the purchaser of the 23 products included in the transaction.

24 (A) "Distinct and identifiable products" does not include:

(i) Packaging such as containers, boxes, sacks, bags and
bottles or other materials such as wrapping, labels, tags and
instruction guides that accompany the retail sale of the
products and are incidental or immaterial to the retail sale
thereof. Examples of packaging that are incidental or
immaterial include grocery sacks, shoe boxes, dry cleaning
garment bags and express delivery envelopes and boxes;

(ii) A product provided free of charge with the required
purchase of another product. A product is "provided free of
charge" if the sales price of the product purchased does not
vary depending on the inclusion of the product provided free
of charge; or

(iii) Items included in the member state's definition of"sales price" as defined in this section.

(B) The term "one nonitemized price" does not include a
price that is separately identified by product on binding
sales or other supporting sales-related documentation made
available to the customer in paper or electronic form including, but not limited to, an invoice, bill of sale, receipt,
contract, service agreement, lease agreement, periodic notice
of rates and services, rate card or price list.

46 (C) A transaction that otherwise meets the definition of
47 a "bundled transaction", as defined in this subdivision, is not
48 a "bundled transaction" if it is:

(i) The retail sale of tangible personal property and a
service where the tangible personal property is essential to
the use of the service and is provided exclusively in connection with the service and the true object of the transaction is
the service; or

(ii) The retail sale of services where one service is
provided that is essential to the use or receipt of a second
service and the first service is provided exclusively in
connection with the second service and the true object of the
transaction is the second service; or

(iii) A transaction that includes taxable products and
nontaxable products and the purchase price or sales price of
the taxable products is de minimis;

62 (I) "De minimis" means the seller's purchase price or 63 sales price of the taxable products is ten percent or less of 64 the total purchase price or sales price of the bundled prod-65 ucts;

66 (II) Sellers shall use either the purchase price or the sales 67 price of the products to determine if the taxable products are 68 de minimis. Sellers may not use a combination of the pur-69 chase price and sales price of the products to determine if the 70 taxable products are de minimis; (III) Sellers shall use the full term of a service contract to
determine if the taxable products are de minimis; or

(iv) A transaction that includes products taxable at the
general rate of tax and food or food ingredients taxable at a
lower rate of tax and the purchase price or sales price of the
products taxable at the general sales tax rate is de minimis.
For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "de minimis"
has the same meaning as ascribed to it under subparagraph
(iii) of this paragraph;

(v) The retail sale of exempt tangible personal property,
or food and food ingredients taxable at a lower rate of tax,
and tangible personal property taxable at the general rate of
tax where:

(I) The transaction includes "food and food ingredients",
"drugs", "durable medical equipment", "mobility-enhancing
equipment", "over-the-counter drugs", "prosthetic devices"
or "medical supplies", all as defined in this article; and

(II) Where the seller's purchase price or sales price of the
taxable tangible personal property taxable at the general
rate of tax is fifty percent or less of the total purchase price
or sales price of the bundled tangible personal property.
Sellers may not use a combination of the purchase price and
sales price of the tangible personal property when making
the fifty percent determination for a transaction.

95 (5) "Candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey or other 96 natural or artificial sweeteners in combination with choco-97 late, fruits, nuts or other ingredients or flavorings in the form 98 of bars, drops or pieces. "Candy" shall not include any 99 preparation containing flour and shall require no refrigera-100 tion.

101 (6) "Clothing" means all human wearing apparel suitable
102 for general use. The following list contains examples and is
103 not intended to be an all-inclusive list.

104 (A) "Clothing" shall include:

- 105 (i) Aprons, household and shop;
- 106 (ii) Athletic supporters;
- 107 (iii) Baby receiving blankets;
- 108 (iv) Bathing suits and caps;
- 109 (v) Beach capes and coats;
- 110 (vi) Belts and suspenders;
- 111 (vii) Boots;
- 112 (viii) Coats and jackets;
- 113 (ix) Costumes;

114 (x) Diapers, children and adult, including disposable115 diapers;

- 116 (xi) Ear muffs;
- 117 (xii) Footlets;
- 118 (xiii) Formal wear;
- 119 (xiv) Garters and garter belts;
- 120 (xv) Girdles;
- 121 (xvi) Gloves and mittens for general use;
- 122 (xvii) Hats and caps;
- 123 (xviii) Hosiery;
- 124 (xix) Insoles for shoes;
- 125 (xx) Lab coats;
- 126 (xxi) Neckties;
- 127 (xxii) Overshoes;
- 128 (xxiii) Pantyhose;

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- 129 (xxiv) Rainwear;
- 130 (xxv) Rubber pants;
- 131 (xxvi) Sandals;
- 132 (xxvii) Scarves;
- 133 (xxviii) Shoes and shoe laces;
- 134 (xxix) Slippers;
- 135 (xxx) Sneakers;
- 136 (xxxi) Socks and stockings;
- 137 (xxxii) Steel-toed shoes;
- 138 (xxxiii) Underwear;
- 139 (xxxiv) Uniforms, athletic and nonathletic; and
- 140 (xxxv) Wedding apparel.
- 141 (B) "Clothing" shall not include:
- 142 (i) Belt buckles sold separately;
- 143 (ii) Costume masks sold separately;
- 144 (iii) Patches and emblems sold separately;

(iv) Sewing equipment and supplies, including, but not
limited to, knitting needles, patterns, pins, scissors, sewing
machines, sewing needles, tape measures and thimbles; and

148 (v) Sewing materials that become part of clothing149 including, but not limited to, buttons, fabric, lace, thread,150 yarn and zippers.

(7) "Clothing accessories or equipment" means incidental
items worn on the person or in conjunction with clothing.
"Clothing accessories or equipment" are mutually exclusive
of and may be taxed differently than apparel within the
definition of "clothing", "sport or recreational equipment"

156 and "protective equipment". The following list contains157 examples and is not intended to be an all-inclusive list.158 "Clothing accessories or equipment" shall include:

159 (A) Briefcases;

160 (B) Cosmetics;

161 (C) Hair notions, including, but not limited to, barrettes,162 hair bows and hair nets;

163 (D) Handbags;

164 (E) Handkerchiefs;

165 (F) Jewelry;

166 (G) Sunglasses, nonprescription;

167 (H) Umbrellas;

168 (I) Wallets;

169 (J) Watches; and

170 (K) Wigs and hair pieces.

171 (8)"Certified automated system" or "CAS" means 172 software certified under the agreement to calculate the tax 173 imposed by each jurisdiction on a transaction, determine the 174 amount of tax to remit to the appropriate state and maintain 175 a record of the transaction.

(9) "Certified service provider" or "CSP" means an agent
certified under the agreement to perform all of the seller's
sales and use tax functions other than the seller's obligation
to remit tax on its own purchases.

180 (10) "Computer" means an electronic device that accepts
181 information in digital or similar form and manipulates the
182 information for a result based on a sequence of instructions.

183 (11) "Computer software" means a set of coded instruc184 tions designed to cause a computer or automatic data
185 processing equipment to perform a task.

(12) "Computer software maintenance contract" means a contract that obligates a vendor of computer software, or other person, to provide a customer with future updates or upgrades to computer software, support services with respect to computer software or both. The term "computer software maintenance contract" includes contracts sold by a person other than the vendor of the computer software to which the contract relates.

194 (A) A "mandatory computer software maintenance 195 contract" is a computer software maintenance contract that 196 the customer is obligated by contract to purchase as a 197 condition to the retail sale of computer software.

(B) An "optional computer maintenance contract" is a
computer software maintenance contract that a customer is
not obligated to purchase as a condition to the retail sale of
computer software.

202 (13) "Delivered electronically" means delivered to the203 purchaser by means other than tangible storage media.

(14) "Delivery charges" means charges by the seller of
personal property or services for preparation and delivery to
a location designated by the purchaser of personal property
or services including, but not limited to, transportation,
shipping, postage, handling, crating and packing.

209 (15) "Dietary supplement" means any product, other 210 than tobacco, intended to supplement the diet that:

211 (A) Contains one or more of the following dietary 212 ingredients:

- 213 (i) A vitamin;
- 214 (ii) A mineral;

215 (iii) An herb or other botanical;

216 (iv) An amino acid;

217 (v) A dietary substance for use by humans to supplement

218 the diet by increasing the total dietary intake; or

(vi) A concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract or
combination of any ingredient described in subparagraph (i)
through (v), inclusive, of this paragraph;

(B) And is intended for ingestion in tablet, capsule,
powder, softgel, gelcap or liquid form, or if not intended for
ingestion in such a form, is not represented as conventional
food and is not represented for use as a sole item of a meal or
of the diet; and

(C) Is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement,
identifiable by the "Supplemental Facts" box found on the
label as required pursuant to 21 CFR § 101.36 or in any
successor section of the Code of Federal Regulations.

(16) "Direct mail" means printed material delivered or
distributed by United States mail or other delivery service to
a mass audience or to addressees on a mailing list provided
by the purchaser or at the direction of the purchaser when
the cost of the items are not billed directly to the recipients.
"Direct mail" includes tangible personal property supplied
directly or indirectly by the purchaser to the direct mail
seller for inclusion in the package containing the printed
material. "Direct mail" does not include multiple items of
printed material delivered to a single address.

(17) "Drug" means a compound, substance or preparation, and any component of a compound, substance or
preparation, other than food and food ingredients, dietary
supplements or alcoholic beverages:

(A) Recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United
States or official National Formulary, and supplement to any
of them;

(B) Intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,treatment or prevention of disease; or

(C) Intended to affect the structure or any function of thebody. The amendment to this subdivision enacted during the

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253 2009 regular legislative session shall apply to sales made254 after July 1, 2009.

(18) "Durable medical equipment" means equipment,
including repair and replacement parts for the equipment,
but does not include mobility-enhancing equipment, which:

258 (A) Can withstand repeated use;

(B) Is primarily and customarily used to serve a medicalpurpose;

(C) Generally is not useful to a person in the absence ofillness or injury; and

263 (D) Is not worn in or on the body.

264 (19) "Electronic" means relating to technology having
265 electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical, electromag266 netic or similar capabilities.

267 (20) "Eligible property" means an item of a type, such as
268 clothing, that qualifies for a sales tax holiday exemption in
269 this state.

(21) "Energy Star qualified product" means a product
that meets the energy efficient guidelines set by the United
States Environmental Protection Agency and the United
States Department of Energy that are authorized to carry the
Energy Star label. Covered products are those listed at
www.energystar.gov or successor address.

(22) "Entity-based exemption" means an exemption
based on who purchases the product or service or who sells
the product or service. An exemption that is available to all
individuals shall not be considered an entity-based exemption.

(23) "Food and food ingredients" means substances,
whether in liquid, concentrated, solid, frozen, dried or
dehydrated form, that are sold for ingestion or chewing by
humans and are consumed for their taste or nutritional

value. "Food and food ingredients" does not include alco-holic beverages, prepared food or tobacco.

287 (24) "Food sold through vending machines" means food
288 dispensed from a machine or other mechanical device that
289 accepts payment.

(25)"Fur clothing" means clothing that is required to be labeled as a fur product under the Federal Fur Products Labeling Act (15 U. S. C. §69) and the value of the fur components in the product is more than three times the value of the next most valuable tangible component. "Fur clothing" is human-wearing apparel suitable for general use but may be taxed differently from clothing. For the purposes of the definition of "fur clothing", the term "fur" means any animal skin or part thereof with hair, fleece or fur fibers attached thereto, either in its raw or processed state, but shall not include such skins that have been converted into leather or suede, or which in processing the hair, fleece or fur fiber has been completely removed.

303 (26) "Governing board" means the governing board of304 the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement.

305 (27) "Grooming and hygiene products" are soaps and 306 cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, 307 antiperspirants and sun tan lotions and screens, regardless 308 of whether the items meet the definition of "over-the-309 counter drugs".

(28) "Includes" and "including" when used in a definition contained in this article is not considered to exclude
other things otherwise within the meaning of the term being
defined.

(29) "Layaway sale" means a transaction in which property is set aside for future delivery to a customer who makes a deposit, agrees to pay the balance of the purchase price over a period of time and, at the end of the payment period, receives the property. An order is accepted for layaway by the seller when the seller removes the property

320 from normal inventory or clearly identifies the property as321 sold to the purchaser.

322 (30) "Lease" includes rental, hire and license. "Lease"
323 means any transfer of possession or control of tangible
324 personal property for a fixed or indeterminate term for
325 consideration. A lease or rental may include future options
326 to purchase or extend.

327 (A) "Lease" does not include:

(i) A transfer of possession or control of property under
a security agreement or deferred payment plan that requires
the transfer of title upon completion of the required payments;

(ii) A transfer or possession or control of property under
an agreement that requires the transfer of title upon completion of required payments and payment of an option price
does not exceed the greater of \$100 or one percent of the
total required payments; or

(iii) Providing tangible personal property along with an
operator for a fixed or indeterminate period of time. A
condition of this exclusion is that the operator is necessary
for the equipment to perform as designed. For the purpose of
this subparagraph, an operator must do more than maintain,
inspect or set up the tangible personal property.

343 (iv) "Lease" or "rental" includes agreements covering
344 motor vehicles and trailers where the amount of consider345 ation may be increased or decreased by reference to the
346 amount realized upon sale or disposition of the property as
347 defined in 26 U. S. C. §7701(h)(1).

(B) This definition shall be used for sales and use tax
purposes regardless if a transaction is characterized as a
lease or rental under generally accepted accounting principles, the Internal Revenue Code, the Uniform Commercial
Code or other provisions of federal, state or local law.

353 (31) "Load and leave" means delivery to the purchaser by
354 use of a tangible storage media where the tangible storage
355 media is not physically transferred to the purchaser.

356 (32) "Mobility-enhancing equipment" means equipment,
357 including repair and replacement parts to the equipment, but
358 does not include "durable medical equipment", which:

359 (A) Is primarily and customarily used to provide or 360 increase the ability to move from one place to another and 361 which is appropriate for use either in a home or a motor 362 vehicle;

363 (B) Is not generally used by persons with normal mobil-364 ity; and

365 (C) Does not include any motor vehicle or equipment on
366 a motor vehicle normally provided by a motor vehicle
367 manufacturer.

368 (33) "Model I seller" means a seller registered under the
369 Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement that has selected
370 a certified service provider as its agent to perform all the
371 seller's sales and use tax functions, other than the seller's
372 obligation to remit tax on its own purchases.

373 (34) "Model II seller" means a seller registered under the
374 Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement that has selected
375 a certified automated system to perform part of its sales and
376 use tax functions, but retains responsibility for remitting the
377 tax.

378 (35) "Model III seller" means a seller registered under the 379 Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement that has sales in 380 at least five member states, has total annual sales revenue of 381 at least \$500 million, has a proprietary system that calculates 382 the amount of tax due each jurisdiction and has entered into 383 a performance agreement with the member states that 384 establishes a tax performance standard for the seller. As 385 used in this definition, a seller includes an affiliated group of 386 sellers using the same proprietary system.

387 (36) "Model IV seller" means a seller registered under the
388 Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement and is not a
389 Model I seller, a Model II seller or a Model III seller.

390 (37) "Over-the-counter drug" means a drug that contains
391 a label that identifies the product as a drug as required by 21
392 CFR §201.66. The "over-the-counter drug" label includes:

393 (A) A drug facts panel; or

(B) A statement of the active ingredient(s) with a list of
those ingredients contained in the compound, substance or
preparation.

397 (38) "Person" means an individual, trust, estate, fidu398 ciary, partnership, limited liability company, limited liability
399 partnership, corporation or any other legal entity.

400 (39) "Personal service" includes those:

401 (A) Compensated by the payment of wages in the ordi-402 nary course of employment; and

403 (B) Rendered to the person of an individual without, at 404 the same time, selling tangible personal property, such as 405 nursing, barbering, manicuring and similar services.

406 (40) (A) "Prepared food" means:

407 (i) Food sold in a heated state or heated by the seller;

408 (ii) Two or more food ingredients mixed or combined by409 the seller for sale as a single item; or

(iii) Food sold with eating utensils provided by the seller,
including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins
or straws. A plate does not include a container or packaging
used to transport the food.

(B) "Prepared food" in subparagraph (ii), paragraph (A)
of this subdivision does not include food that is only cut,
repackaged or pasteurized by the seller, and eggs, fish, meat,
poultry and foods containing these raw animal foods requir-

418 ing cooking by the consumer as recommended by the Food 419 and Drug Administration in Chapter 3, Part 401.11 of its

420 Food Code of 2001 so as to prevent food-borne illnesses.

421 (C) Additionally, "prepared food" as defined in this 422 subdivision does not include:

423 (i) Food sold by a seller whose proper primary NAICS
424 classification is manufacturing in Sector 311, except Subsec425 tion 3118 (bakeries);

426 (ii) Food sold in an unheated state by weight or volume427 as a single item; or

(iii) Bakery items, including bread, rolls, buns, biscuits,
bagels, croissants, pastries, donuts, danish, cakes, tortes,
pies, tarts, muffins, bars, cookies, tortillas.

431 (41) "Prescription" means an order, formula or recipe
432 issued in any form of oral, written, electronic or other means
433 of transmission by a duly licensed practitioner authorized by
434 the laws of this state to issue prescriptions.

435 (42) "Prewritten computer software" means computer
436 software, including prewritten upgrades, which is not
437 designed and developed by the author or other creator to the
438 specifications of a specific purchaser.

(A) The combining of two or more prewritten computer
software programs or prewritten portions thereof does not
cause the combination to be other than prewritten computer
software.

(B) "Prewritten computer software" includes software designed and developed by the author or other creator to the specifications of a specific purchaser when it is sold to a person other than the specific purchaser. Where a person modifies or enhances computer software of which the person is not the author or creator, the person is considered to be the author or creator only of the person's modifications or enhancements. 451 (C) "Prewritten computer software" or a prewritten 452 portion thereof that is modified or enhanced to any degree, 453 where the modification or enhancement is designed and 454 developed to the specifications of a specific purchaser, 455 remains prewritten computer software. However, where 456 there is a reasonable, separately stated charge or an invoice 457 or other statement of the price given to the purchaser for the 458 modification or enhancement, the modification or enhance-459 ment does not constitute prewritten computer software.

460 (43) "Product-based exemption" means an exemption
461 based on the description of the product or service and not
462 based on who purchases the product or service or how the
463 purchaser intends to use the product or service.

464 (44) "Prosthetic device" means a replacement, corrective
465 or supportive device, including repair and replacement parts
466 for the device worn on or in the body, to:

467 (A) Artificially replace a missing portion of the body;

468 (B) Prevent or correct physical deformity or malfunction469 of the body; or

470 (C) Support a weak or deformed portion of the body.

471 (45) "Protective equipment" means items for human wear
472 and designed as protection of the wearer against injury or
473 disease or as protections against damage or injury of other
474 persons or property but not suitable for general use.

475 (46) "Purchase price" means the measure subject to the
476 tax imposed by article fifteen or fifteen-a of this chapter and
477 has the same meaning as sales price.

478 (47) "Purchaser" means a person to whom a sale of 479 personal property is made or to whom a service is furnished.

480 (48) "Retail sale" or "sale at retail" means:

481 (A) Any sale, lease or rental for any purpose other than
482 for resale as tangible personal property, sublease or subrent;
483 and

484 (B) Any sale of a service other than a service purchased485 for resale.

(49) (A) "Sales price" means the measure subject to the tax levied under article fifteen or fifteen-a of this chapter and includes the total amount of consideration, including cash, credit, property and services, for which personal property or services are sold, leased or rented, valued in money, whether received in money or otherwise, without any deduction for the following:

493 (i) The seller's cost of the property sold;

(ii) The cost of materials used, labor or service cost,
interest, losses, all costs of transportation to the seller, all
taxes imposed on the seller and any other expense of the
seller;

(iii) Charges by the seller for any services necessary tocomplete the sale, other than delivery and installationcharges;

501 (iv) Delivery charges; and

502 (v) Installation charges.

503 (B) "Sales price" does not include:

504 (i) Discounts, including cash, term or coupons that are
505 not reimbursed by a third party that are allowed by a seller
506 and taken by a purchaser on a sale;

507 (ii) Interest, financing and carrying charges from credit
508 extended on the sale of personal property, goods or services,
509 if the amount is separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale
510 or similar document given to the purchaser; or

511 (iii) Any taxes legally imposed directly on the consumer
512 that are separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale or
513 similar document given to the purchaser.

514 (C) "Sales price" shall include consideration received by 515 the seller from third parties if:

516 (i) The seller actually receives consideration from a party
517 other than the purchaser and the consideration is directly
518 related to a price reduction or discount on the sale;

(ii) The seller has an obligation to pass the price reduc-tion or discount through to the purchaser;

521 (iii) The amount of the consideration attributable to the
522 sale is fixed and determinable by the seller at the time of the
523 sale of the item to the purchaser; and

524 (iv) One of the following criteria is met:

525 (I) The purchaser presents a coupon, certificate or other 526 documentation to the seller to claim a price reduction or 527 discount where the coupon, certificate or documentation is 528 authorized, distributed or granted by a third party with the 529 understanding that the third party will reimburse any seller 530 to whom the coupon, certificate or documentation is pre-531 sented;

(II) The purchaser identifies himself or herself to the
seller as a member of a group or organization entitled to a
price reduction or discount (a preferred customer card that
is available to any patron does not constitute membership in
such a group); or

537 (III) The price reduction or discount is identified as a
538 third-party price reduction or discount on the invoice
539 received by the purchaser or on a coupon, certificate or other
540 documentation presented by the purchaser.

541 (50) "Sales tax" means the tax levied under article fifteen 542 of this chapter.

(51) "School art supply" means an item commonly used
by a student in a course of study for artwork. The term is
mutually exclusive of the terms "school supply", "school
instructional material" and "school computer supply" and
may be taxed differently. The following is an all-inclusive
list:

- 549 (A) Clay and glazes;
- 550 (B) Paints; acrylic, tempora and oil;
- 551 (C) Paintbrushes for artwork;
- 552 (D) Sketch and drawing pads; and

553 (E) Watercolors.

554 (52) "School instructional material" means written 555 material commonly used by a student in a course of study as 556 a reference and to learn the subject being taught. The term 557 is mutually exclusive of the terms "school supply", "school 558 art supply" and "school computer supply" and may be taxed 559 differently. The following is an all-inclusive list:

560 (A) Reference books;

- 561 (B) Reference maps and globes;
- 562 (C) Textbooks; and

563 (D) Workbooks.

564 (53) "School computer supply" means an item commonly 565 used by a student in a course of study in which a computer is 566 used. The term is mutually exclusive of the terms "school 567 supply", "school art supply" and "school instructional 568 material" and may be taxed differently. The following is an 569 all-inclusive list:

570 (A) Computer storage media; diskettes, compact disks;

571 (B) Handheld electronic schedulers, except devices that 572 are cellular phones;

573 (C) Personal digital assistants, except devices that are 574 cellular phones;

575 (D) Computer printers; and

576 (E)Printer supplies for computers; printer paper, printer577 ink.

578 (54) "School supply" means an item commonly used by 579 a student in a course of study. The term is mutually exclusive 580 of the terms "school art supply", "school instructional 581 material" and "school computer supply" and may be taxed 582 differently. The following is an all-inclusive list of school 583 supplies:

- 584 (A) Binders;
- 585 (B) Book bags;
- 586 (C) Calculators;
- 587 (D) Cellophane tape;
- 588 (E) Blackboard chalk;
- 589 (F) Compasses;
- 590 (G) Composition books;
- 591 (H) Crayons;
- 592 (I) Erasers;
- 593 (J) Folders; expandable, pocket, plastic and manila;
- 594 (K) Glue, paste and paste sticks;
- 595 (L) Highlighters;
- 596 (M) Index cards;
- 597 (N) Index card boxes;
- 598 (O) Legal pads;
- 599 (P) Lunch boxes;
- 600 (Q) Markers;
- 601 (R) Notebooks;
- 602 (S) Paper; loose-leaf ruled notebook paper, copy paper,
- 603 graph paper, tracing paper, manila paper, colored paper,
- 604 poster board and construction paper;

605 (T) Pencil boxes and other school supply boxes;

- 606 (U) Pencil sharpeners;
- 607 (V) Pencils;
- 608 (W) Pens;
- 609 (X) Protractors;
- 610 (Y) Rulers;
- 611 (Z) Scissors; and
- 612 (AA) Writing tablets.

613 (55) "Seller" means any person making sales, leases or 614 rentals of personal property or services.

615 (56) "Service" or "selected service" includes all nonpro-616 fessional activities engaged in for other persons for a consideration which involve the rendering of a service as 617 distinguished from the sale of tangible personal property, but 618 does not include contracting, personal services, services 619 620 rendered by an employee to his or her employer, any service 621 rendered for resale or any service furnished by a business 622 that is subject to the control of the Public Service Commission when the service or the manner in which it is delivered 623 624 is subject to regulation by the Public Service Commission of 625 this state. The term "service" or "selected service" does not 626 include payments received by a vendor of tangible personal 627 property as an incentive to sell a greater volume of such 628 tangible personal property under a manufacturer's, distribu-629 tor's or other third-party's marketing support program, sales 630 incentive program, cooperative advertising agreement or similar type of program or agreement and these payments are 631 632 not considered to be payments for a service or selected 633 service rendered, even though the vendor may engage in 634 attendant or ancillary activities associated with the sales of 635 tangible personal property as required under the programs 636 or agreements.

637 (57) "Soft drink" means nonalcoholic beverages that
638 contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not
639 include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy,
640 rice or similar milk substitutes or greater than fifty percent
641 of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

642 (58) "Sport or recreational equipment" means items 643 designed for human use and worn in conjunction with an 644 athletic or recreational activity that are not suitable for 645 general use. Sport or recreational equipment are mutually 646 exclusive of and may be taxed differently than apparel 647 within the definition of "clothing", "clothing accessories or 648 equipment" and "protective equipment". The following list 649 contains examples and is not intended to be an all-inclusive 650 list. "Sport or recreational equipment" shall include:

651 (A) Ballet and tap shoes;

652 (B) Cleated or spiked athletic shoes;

653 (C) Gloves, including, but not limited to, baseball, 654 bowling, boxing, hockey and golf;

- 655 (D) Goggles;
- 656 (E) Hand and elbow guards;
- 657 (F) Life preservers and vests;
- 658 (G) Mouth guards;
- 659 (H) Roller and ice skates;
- 660 (I) Shin guards;
- 661 (J) Shoulder pads;
- 662 (K) Ski boots;
- 663 (L) Waders; and
- 664 (M) Wetsuits and fins.

665 (59) "State" means any state of the United States, the 666 District of Columbia and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. 667 (60) "Tangible personal property" means personal
668 property that can be seen, weighed, measured, felt or touched
669 or that is in any manner perceptible to the senses. "Tangible
670 personal property" includes, but is not limited to, electricity,
671 steam, water, gas and prewritten computer software.

672 (61) "Tax" includes all taxes levied under articles fifteen
673 and fifteen-a of this chapter and additions to tax, interest
674 and penalties levied under article ten of this chapter.

675 (62) "Tax Commissioner" means the State Tax Commis-676 sioner or his or her delegate. The term "delegate" in the 677 phrase "or his or her delegate", when used in reference to the 678 Tax Commissioner, means any officer or employee of the 679 State Tax Division duly authorized by the Tax Commissioner 680 directly, or indirectly by one or more redelegations of 681 authority, to perform the functions mentioned or described 682 in this article or rules promulgated for this article.

(63) "Taxpayer" means any person liable for the taxes
levied by articles fifteen and fifteen-a of this chapter or any
additions to tax penalties imposed by article ten of this
chapter.

687 (64) "Telecommunications service" or "telecommunica688 tion service" when used in this article and articles fifteen
689 and fifteen-a of this chapter shall have the same meaning as
690 that term is defined in section two-b of this article.

691 (65) "Tobacco" means cigarettes, cigars, chewing or pipe692 tobacco or any other item that contains tobacco.

693 (66) "Use tax" means the tax levied under article fifteen-694 a of this chapter.

695 (67) "Use-based exemption" means an exemption based 696 on a specified use of the product or service by the purchaser.

697 (68) "Vendor" means any person furnishing services
698 taxed by article fifteen or fifteen-a of this chapter or making
699 sales of tangible personal property or custom software.
700 "Vendor" and "seller" are used interchangeably in this
701 article and in articles fifteen and fifteen-a of this chapter.

#### 702 (c) Additional definitions. —

703 Other terms used in this article are defined in articles 704 fifteen and fifteen-a of this chapter, which definitions are 705 incorporated by reference into this article. Additionally, 706 other sections of this article may define terms primarily used 707 in the section in which the term is defined.

24

#### §11-15B-2a. Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement defined.

As used in this article and articles fifteen and fifteen-a of this chapter, the term "Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement" or "agreement" means the agreement adopted November 12, 2002, by states that enacted authority to engage in multistate discussions similar to that provided in section four of this article, except when the context in which the term is used clearly indicates that a different meaning is intended by the Legislature. "Agreement" includes amendments to the agreement adopted by the implementing states in calendar years 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 and amendments adopted by the governing board on or before, January 31, 2012, but does not include any substantive changes in the agreement adopted after January 31, 2012.

#### §11-15B-24. Administration of exemptions.

1 (a) General rules.—

2 When a purchaser claims an exemption from paying tax3 under article fifteen or fifteen-a of this chapter:

4 (1) Sellers shall obtain identifying information of the 5 purchaser and the reason for claiming a tax exemption at the 6 time of the purchase, as determined by the governing board.

7 (2) A purchaser is not required to provide a signature to
8 claim an exemption from tax unless a paper exemption
9 certificate is used.

(3) The seller shall use the standard form for claiming an
exemption electronically that is adopted by the governing
board.

13 (4) The seller shall obtain the same information for proof14 of a claimed exemption regardless of the medium in which15 the transaction occurred.

16 (5) The Tax Commissioner may utilize a system wherein
17 the purchaser exempt from the payment of the tax is issued
18 an identification number that is presented to the seller at the
19 time of the sale.

20 (6) The seller shall maintain proper records of exempt
21 transactions and provide the records to the Tax Commis22 sioner or the Tax Commissioner's designee.

23 (7) The Tax Commissioner shall administer use-based
24 and entity-based exemptions when practicable through a
25 direct pay permit, an exemption certificate or another means
26 that does not burden sellers.

(8) In the case of drop shipments, a third-party vendor
such as a drop shipper may claim a resale exemption based
on an exemption certificate provided by its customer/reseller
or any other acceptable information available to the thirdparty vendor evidencing qualification for a resale exemption,
regardless of whether the customer/reseller is registered to
collect and remit sales and use taxes in this state, when the
sale is sourced to this state.

(b) The Tax Commissioner shall relieve sellers that follow
the requirements of this section from the tax otherwise
applicable if it is determined that the purchaser improperly
claimed an exemption and shall hold the purchaser liable for
the nonpayment of tax. This relief from liability does not
apply:

41 (A) To a seller who fraudulently fails to collect the tax;

42 (B) To a seller who solicits purchasers to participate in43 the unlawful claim of an exemption;

44 (C) To a seller who accepts an exemption certificate
45 when the purchaser claims an entity-based exemption when:
46 (i) The subject of the transaction sought to be covered by the

47 exemption certificate is actually received by the purchaser
48 at a location operated by the seller; and (ii) the state in
49 which that location resides provides an exemption certificate
50 that clearly and affirmatively indicates (graying out exemp51 tion reason types on uniform form and posting it on a state's
52 website is an indicator) that the claimed exemption is not
53 available in that state.

54 (c) Time within which seller must obtain exemption 55 certificates.—

A seller is relieved from paying tax otherwise applicable
under article fifteen or fifteen-a of this chapter if the seller
obtains a fully completed exemption certificate or captures
the required data elements within ninety days subsequent to
the date of sale.

61 (d) (1) If the seller has not obtained an exemption 62 certificate or all required data elements, the seller shall, 63 within one hundred twenty days subsequent to a request for 64 substantiation by the Tax Commissioner, either obtain a 65 fully completed exemption certificate from the purchaser, 66 taken in good faith which means that the seller obtain a 67 certificate that claims an exemption that: (i) Was statutorily 68 available on the date of the transaction in the jurisdiction 69 where the transaction is sourced; (ii) could be applicable to 70 the item being purchased; and (iii) is reasonable for the 71 purchaser's type of business; or obtain other information 72 establishing that the transaction was not subject to the tax.

(2) If the seller obtains the information described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the seller shall be relieved of any liability for the tax on the transaction unless it is discovered through the audit process that the seller had knowledge or had reason to know at the time such information was provided that the information relating to the exemption claimed was materially false or the seller otherwise knowingly participated in activity intended to purposefully evade the tax that is properly due on the transaction. (e) Nothing in this section shall affect the ability of the
Tax Commissioner to require purchasers to update exemption certificate information or to reapply with the state to
claim certain exemptions.

(f) A seller is relieved from paying the tax otherwise applicable if the seller obtains a blanket exemption certificate from a purchaser with which the seller has a recurring business relationship. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (e) of this section, the Tax Commissioner may not request from the seller renewal of blanket certificates or updates of exemption certificate information or data elements when there is a recurring business relationship between the buyer and seller. For purposes of this subdivision, a recurring business relationship exists when a period of no more than twelve months elapses between sales transactions.

98 (g) Exception.—

99 No exemption certificate or direct pay permit number is
100 required when the sale is exempt per se from the taxes
101 imposed by articles fifteen and fifteen-a of this chapter.

#### §11-15B-25. Uniform tax returns.

1 (a) General. –

A seller who registers with this state is required to file a
single sales and use tax return with the Tax Commissioner
for each taxing period.

5 (b) Due date of return.—

6 (1) This return shall be due on the twentieth day of the7 month following the month in which the transaction subject8 to tax occurred.

9 (2) When the due date for a return falls on a Saturday or 10 Sunday or legal holiday, the return shall be due on the next 11 succeeding business day. If the return is filed in conjunction 12 with a remittance and the remittance cannot be made

- 13 pursuant to subdivision (e), section twenty-six of this article,
- 14 the return shall be accepted as timely on the same day as the
- 15 remittance under that subdivision.
- 16 (c) Additional information returns.—
- 17 The Tax Commissioner shall make available to all sellers,
- 18 except sellers of products qualifying for exclusion from the
- 19 provisions of the agreement, a simplified return that is filed
- 20 electronically.
- (d) The Tax Commissioner may not require a seller which
  has indicated at the time of registration that it anticipates
  making no sales which would be sourced to this state to file
  a return, except that the seller shall lose the exemption upon
  making any taxable sales into this state and shall file a
  return in the month following any sale.
- (e) After January 1, 2010, the Tax Commissioner shall give notice to a seller, which has no legal requirement to register in this state, of a failure to file a required return and a minimum of thirty days to file thereafter prior to establishing a liability amount for taxes based solely on the seller's failure to timely file a return: *Provided*, That the Tax Commissioner may establish a liability amount of taxes based solely on the seller's failure to timely file a return if such seller has a history of nonfiling or late filing.
- 36 (f) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the Tax Com37 missioner from allowing additional return options or the
  38 filing of returns less frequently.
- §11-15B-26. Uniform rules for remittances of funds.
  - 1 (a) General.—
  - 2 Only one remittance is required for each return except as3 provided in this section.
  - 4 (b) When electronic remittance required.—
  - 5 (1) All remittances from sellers under Models I, II and III
    6 shall be remitted electronically after December 31, 2003.

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7 (2) All remittances in payment of taxes reported on the
8 approved simplified return format shall be remitted electron9 ically.

10 (c) Method of remittance. –

Electronic payments shall be made using either the ACHcredit or ACH debit method.

13 (d) Alternative method.—

The Tax Commissioner shall provide by rule, which may
be an existing rule, an alternative method for making sameday payments if an electronic funds transfer fails.

17 (e)Due date of remittances.—

(1) If a due date for a payment falls on a Saturday,
Sunday or legal holiday, the payment, including any related
payment voucher information, is due on the next succeeding
business day.

(2) If the Federal Reserve Bank is closed on a due date
that prohibits a person from being able to make a payment
by ACH debit or credit, the payment shall be accepted as
timely if made on the next day the Federal Reserve Bank is
open.

27 (f) Format of data accompanying remittance.—

Any data that accompanies a remittance shall be formatted using uniform tax type and payment type codes approved
by the governing board.

## §11-15B-30. Monetary allowances for new technological models for sales tax collection; delayed effective date.

1 (a) Monetary allowance under Model I.—

2 (1) The Tax Commissioner shall provide a monetary 3 allowance to a certified service provider in Model I. This 4 allowance shall be in accordance with the terms of the 5 contract between the governing board of the Streamlined 6 Sales and Use Tax Agreement and the certified service

7 provider. The details of this monetary allowance shall be

8 developed and provided through the contract process. The

9 contract shall provide that the allowance be funded entirely

10 from money collected in Model I.

(2) The contract between the governing board and the
certified service provider may base the monetary allowance
to a certified service provider on one or more of the following:

15 (A) A base rate that applies to taxable transactions16 processed by the certified service provider; or

17 (B) For a period not to exceed twenty-four months 18 following a voluntary seller's registration through the 19 agreement's central registration process, a percentage of tax 20 revenue generated for a member state by the voluntary seller 21 for each member state for which the seller does not have a 22 requirement to register to collect the tax.

23 (b) Monetary allowance for Model II sellers.—

The monetary allowance to sellers under Model II may be based on the following:

(1) All sellers shall receive a base rate for a period not to
exceed twenty-four months following the commencement of
participation by a seller. The base rate is set by the governing board of the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement
after the base rate has been established for Model I certified
service providers. This allowance is in addition to any vendor
or seller discount afforded by each member state at the time.

(2) A voluntary Model II seller not otherwise required to
register with this state to collect the consumers sales and
service tax and use tax, that registers through the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement's central registration
process, shall receive for a period not to exceed twenty-four
months following the voluntary seller's registration, the base
rate percentage of tax revenue generated for this state by the
voluntary seller.

(3) Following the conclusion of the twenty-four-month
period, a seller will only be entitled to a vendor discount
afforded under each member state's law at the time the base
rate expires.

45 (c) Prohibition on allowance or payment of monetary 46 allowances.—

47 Notwithstanding subsections (a), (b) and (c) of this 48 section, the Tax Commissioner may not allow any vendor, 49 seller or certified service provider any monetary allowance, 50 discount or other compensation for collecting and remitting 51 the taxes levied by articles fifteen and fifteen-a of this chapter, or for making and filing the periodic reports 52 53 required by this article, or articles fifteen and fifteen-a of 54 this chapter, until the cost of collection study required by the 55 agreement is completed and the monetary allowances are 56 based on the results of that study, or on requirements of 57 federal law requiring remote sellers to collect sales and use 58 taxes for states that have signed the agreement.

#### §11-15B-32. Effective date.

1 (a) The provisions of this article, as amended or added 2 during the regular legislative session in the year 2003, shall 3 take effect January 1, 2004, and apply to all sales made on or 4 after that date and to all returns and payments due on or 5 after that day, except as otherwise expressly provided in 6 section five of this article.

7 (b) The provisions of this article, as amended or added 8 during the second extraordinary legislative session in the 9 year 2003, shall take effect January 1, 2004, and apply to all 10 sales made on or after that date.

(c) The provisions of this article, as amended or added by
act of the Legislature in the year 2004 shall apply to all sales
made on or after the date of passage in the year 2004.

(d) The provisions of this article, as amended or added
during the regular legislative session in the year 2008, shall
apply to all sales made on or after the date of passage and to

17 all returns and payments due on or after that day, except as18 otherwise expressly provided in this article.

(e) The provisions of this article, as amended or added
during the 2009 regular legislative session, shall apply to all
sales made on or after the date of passage and to all returns
and payments due on or after that day, except as otherwise
expressly provided in this article.

(f) The provisions of this article, as amended or added
during the 2010 regular legislative session, shall apply to all
sales made on or after the date of passage and to all returns
and payments due on or after that day, except as otherwise
expressly provided in this article.

(g) The provisions of this article, as amended or added
during the 2012 regular legislative session, shall apply to all
sales made on or after the date of passage and to all returns
and payments due on or after that day, except as otherwise
expressly provided in this article.

§11-15B-33. State administration of local sales and use taxes.

1 The Tax Commissioner shall administer, or authorize 2 others to conduct on his or her behalf, the sales and use tax 3 laws of this state subject to the agreement. Sellers and 4 purchasers are only required to register with, file returns 5 with and remit funds to the Tax Commissioner. The Tax 6 Commissioner shall collect any municipal sales and use taxes 7 and distribute them to the appropriate taxing jurisdictions. 8 The Tax Commissioner shall conduct, or others may be 9 authorized to conduct on his or her behalf, all audits of 10 sellers and purchasers for compliance with the sales and use 11 tax laws of this state and the sales and use tax laws of its 12 local jurisdictions. Except as provided herein, local jurisdic-13 tions may not conduct independent sales or use tax audits of 14 sellers and purchasers.

§11-15B-34. State and local sales and use tax bases.

1 (a) General.—

2 The tax base of a local jurisdiction that levies a local 3 sales or use tax pursuant to authority granted by the Legisla-4 ture shall be identical to the sales and use tax base of this 5 state, unless otherwise prohibited by federal law, except as 6 provided in subsection (b) of this section.

7 (b) Exceptions.—

8 This section does not apply to sales or use taxes levied 9 on: (1) The wholesale sale of gasoline or special fuel to power 10 motor vehicles, aircraft, locomotives, or watercraft or to 11 electricity, piped natural or artificial gas or other fuels 12 delivered by the seller, which local jurisdictions are prohib-13 ited from taxing; or (2) the retail sale or transfer of motor 14 vehicles, aircraft, watercraft, modular homes, manufactured 15 homes or mobile homes.

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The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Senate Committee Chair 101 Chairman House Committee Originated in the Senate. In effect from passage. Clerk of the Senate Clerk of the House of Delegates Senate esia ent ..... Speaker of the House of Delegates ..... this the 🖉 🛣 The within M. append Day of March melil Gober

### PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR

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